

重要前置詞特集

<u>主格の of</u>

(1) The arrival of the train was delayed by snow.
<u>目的格の of</u>
(2) The analysis of the data revealed surprising trends.
性質・性格の of
(3) He is a man of courage. = He is a courageous man.



(4) The failure was of value to us. = The failure was valuable to us.
分離の of
(5) The new law may deprive people of their rights.
(6) She felt deprived of happiness.
◆分離の of とよく一緒に使う他動詞
rob A of B (A から B を奪う)
・力づくで、違法に
Morgan robbed him of 55 dollars and chucked him out of the back door.
deprive A of B (A から B を奪う)
・抽象的な文脈で使う



We are rational beings... but somehow we let our emotions and bias (unconsciously and unfortunately) leapfrog rationality. This is dangerous for self-development because you deprive yourself of the opportunity to think.

rid A of B (A から B を取り除く)

- ・望ましくないものを取り除く
- ・A get rid of B は、A is rid of B の is が get になった形

If I could get rid of my anxiety I would have no problems.

clear A of B (AからBを取り去る、きれいにする)

I've cleared my car of snow.

= I've cleared snow from my car.

relieve A of B (AからBを取り除く)

・抽象的な文脈(不安など)で使う

I am still learning to love myself, and it's relieved me of so much stress I didn't know I had.

・物理的な文脈にも使う

Let me relieve you of that heavy suitcase.

補語の as

(7) We regard him as a wr	iter.		
(0) 777			
(8) We regard him as since	ere.		



◆補語の as と	こよ <	(一緒	に使	う他動詞
-----------	------	-----	----	------

describe A as B (AをBだと言う)

Using language like that, I'm not surprised you are described as an IQ deficient individual.

define A as B (AをBとして定義する)

Trade risk is defined as the price distance between your entry and your stop loss.

choose A as B (AをBとして選ぶ)

choose A (to be) B 专可

You have given me a lot of inspirations and that's why I chose you as my Role Model.

その他、regard, see, view, think of, look on, consider (AをBとみなす)、imagine (AがBだと想像する)など

※ S strike A as B (A に B という印象を与える) は「主格補語」を導く as なので注意。 That argument always strikes me as weird. (me ≠ weird)

供給の with

(9) Tł	he company pro	vides emplo	yees with	free lunch.		
(10) 7	Γhe shelf was lin	ned with ma	ny books.			



◆供給の with とよく一緒に使う他動詞

fill A with B (AをBでいっぱいにする)

- ・be filled with という受け身で使われることが多い
- ・物理的な表現で使う

The room was filled with women of different ages and backgrounds.

・抽象的な表現でも使う

I'm filled with so many conflicting emotions.

stuff A with B (AをBでふさぐ、AにBを詰め込む)

- ・be stuffed with という受け身で使われることが多い
- ・物理的な表現で使う

This donut is stuffed with peanut butter.

line A with B (AにBを並べる)

- ・be lined with という受け身で使われることが多い
- ・物理的な表現で使う

This alley is lined with many restaurants & hidden bars.

endow A with B (AにBを授ける)

- ・be endowed with という受け身で使われることが多い
- ・抽象的な表現で使う

He is generously endowed with talent and a good soul.

load A with B (A に物理的な負荷をかける)

・be loaded with という受け身で使われることが多い

Your computer is loaded with thousands of tiny tracking files called cookies.

burden A with B (Aに抽象的な負担をかける)

・be burdened with という受け身で使われることが多い

People should not be burdened with too much information.

その他、provide (AにBを供給する)、supply (AにBを供給する)、furnish (Aに家具などを備え付ける)、equip (AにBを装備する)、present (AにBを贈る)など



(自動詞と他動詞/受動態の基礎の確認)